

# Notifiable diseases in Vanuatu

## Respiratory infections:



- Influenza
- Leprosy
- Meningitis
- Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)
- SARS-CoV-2
- Tuberculosis

## Vector-borne diseases:



- Chikungunya
- Dengue
- Lymphatic filariasis
- Malaria
- Ross River virus
- Zika virus

## STIs and blood borne viruses:



- Gonorrhoea
- Hepatitis B virus
- Hepatitis C virus
- Human Immunodeficiency virus (HIV)
- Syphilis

## Vaccine preventable diseases:



- Diphtheria
- Measles
- Pertussis
- Polio
- Rabies
- Rubella
- Tetanus
- Varicella (chicken pox)

## Water and food-borne diseases:



- Brucellosis
- Cholera
- Fish poisoning
- Hepatitis A
- Leptospirosis
- Salmonella
- Shigellosis
- Typhoid

## Other diseases:



- Antimicrobial resistant infections
- Mpox virus
- Plague
- Typhus
- Yaws
- IHR notifiable diseases

## About notifiable diseases

- Under the Public Health Act, health care workers **must** inform the Ministry of Health of new cases of notifiable diseases
- Health care workers include medical officers, nurses, midwives, nurse aides and laboratory officers.
- Notifiable diseases can be identified in a health clinic, dispensary or a hospital. It also includes private clinics or health services.
- Notifiable diseases can include confirmed cases or suspected cases
- Confirmed cases can include detection through laboratory tests and point-of-care or rapid tests.
- To make an electronic notification, scan the QR code and follow the prompts
- Alternatively, the paper notification form is available on the MOH websites

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For more information, contact your Provincial Surveillance Officer or the Vanuatu National Surveillance unit on [survvan2017@gmail.com](mailto:survvan2017@gmail.com)

Ministry of Health  
Vanuatu Government

